



**Office of the
Information Commissioner of Canada**

2009-2010 Estimates

Report on Plan and Priorities

Robert Marleau
Information Commissioner of Canada

The Honourable Robert Douglas Nicholson,
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Minister of Justice and Attorney General of
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Message from the Information Commissioner of Canada



I am pleased to present this *2009-2010 Report on Plans and Priorities* which outlines the strategic objectives, expected results and spending estimates for the Office of the Information Commissioner (OIC) for the coming fiscal year.

The progress made last year to remodel and improve the Office's internal operations has set the stage for broader, more far-reaching work to be done in the year ahead to modernize the access to information system as a whole.

Substantial changes have now taken place within the Office to restructure and re-organize our investigations and internal services processes. This was necessary to put the Office on a surer path to resolve complaints in a timely manner and meet the increased challenges of today's access to information climate.

However, it is important that we now make a further leap forward to raise our standards of service and address the challenges facing federal institutions in providing efficient and transparent access to information. This will allow us to fully and efficiently carry out the mandate which Parliament has given this Office.

Our vision is to become 'best in class' by achieving excellence as an ombudsman for Access to Information; as an investigative body in resolving complaints; and as an employer. The Office has identified some specific priorities to bring us closer to making this a reality.

I look forward to working collaboratively and fostering good relations with all the players in the access to information system—from requesters, to complainants, to access professionals, to institutions and to Parliament—to achieve our priorities while promoting better stewardship of the system and greater openness in government.

Robert Marleau
Information Commissioner of Canada

Section I: Overview

1.1 Summary Information

Raison d'être

The *raison d'être* of the Office is to ensure that the rights conferred by the *Access to Information Act* are respected; that complainants, heads of federal institutions and all third parties affected by complaints are given a reasonable opportunity to make representations to the Information Commissioner; to persuade federal institutions to adopt information practices consistent with the objectives of the *Access to Information Act*; and to bring appropriate issues of interpretation of the *Access to Information Act* before the Federal Court. The Office also advocates for greater access to information in Canada and promotes Canadians' right to access information held by federal institutions.

Responsibilities

The Information Commissioner reviews the complaints of individuals and organizations who believe that federal institutions have not respected their rights under the Act. The Commissioner also advocates for access to information in Canada and for transparent and open government. The Information Commissioner is supported in his work by the Office of the Information Commissioner, an independent public body set up in 1983 under the *Access to Information Act* to respond to complaints from the public about access to information held by federal institutions. The Office has four branches:

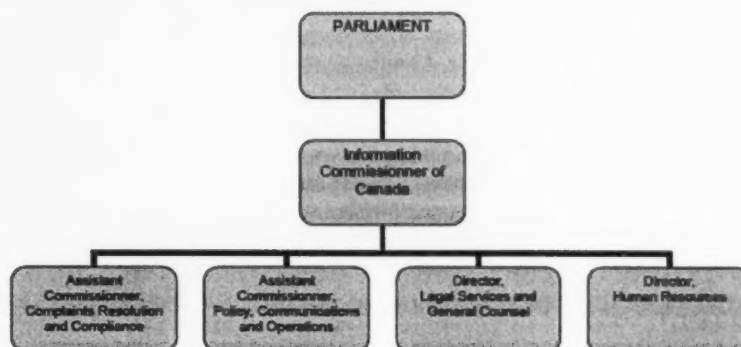
The **Complaints Resolution and Compliance Branch** carries out investigations and dispute resolution efforts to resolve complaints.

The **Policy, Communications and Operations Branch** monitors federal institutions' performance under the Act, provides strategic advice and direction for the Office to address systemic and policy issues, leads the Office's external relations with the public, the government and Parliament, and provides strategic and corporate leadership in the areas of financial management, administration and security, internal audit and information management. This Branch is also responsible for the OIC's ATIP function.

The **Legal Services Branch** represents the Commissioner in court cases and provides legal advice on investigations, and legislative and administrative matters.

The **Human Resources Branch** oversees all aspects of human resources management staffing, classification, staff relations, employment equity, planning, learning and development, compensation and official languages, and provides advice to managers and employees on human resources issues.

The organizational structure of the Office of the Information Commissioner is shown in the diagram below.



Strategic Outcome

In order to effectively pursue its mandate, the Office aims to achieve the following strategic outcome:

Individuals' rights under the *Access to Information Act* are safeguarded

Program Activity Architecture

The chart below illustrates the Office of the Information Commissioner's program activity, which contributes to progress toward the Office's Strategic Outcome.

Compliance with access to information obligations

1.2 Planning Summary¹

Financial Resources

Financial Resources	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Total Planned Spending (\$ thousands)	8,505	8,505	8,505

The financial resources table above provides a summary of the total spending for the Office of the Information Commissioner for the next three fiscal years.

¹ In 2008, the Office of the Information Commissioner has conducted an in-depth review of its funding. The results of this strategic review will be submitted to the Advisory Panel on the Funding and Oversight of Officers of Parliament in 2009 for subsequent analysis. The results will be reflected in future reporting to Parliament.

Human Resources

Human Resources	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs)	82	82	82

The human resources table above provides a summary of the total planned human resources for the Office of the Information Commissioner for the next three fiscal years.

Strategic Outcome 1 (SO1): Individuals' rights under the Access to Information Act are safeguarded					
Performance indicators			Targets		
See Section 2.1.1 for more details					
Program Activity ²	Expected Results	Forecast Spending (\$ thousands)	Planned Spending (\$ thousands)		
		2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Compliance with access to information obligations	See Section 2.1.1 for more details	9,963	8,505	8,505	8,505
Total Planned Spending		9,963	8,505	8,505	8,505

Contribution of Priorities to Strategic Outcome³

Operational Priorities	Type	Description
Improve service delivery to information requesters	Ongoing	In order to ensure a high level of client service, the Office will continue to work towards the implementation of a new case workload management model that will lead to a more timely, cost effective and efficient manner of resolving complaints. The Commissioner has publicly committed to eliminate or significantly reduce the inventory complaints in fiscal year 2009-10.
Increase compliance among federal institutions through performance assessments and investigation on systemic issues	New	Systemic investigations and performance assessments of federal institutions not only have an important role in triggering more compliance with the Act, they also address emerging issues and provide a picture of how the access to information regime functions. As such, through an integrated approach, the Office will continue to do more in-depth report cards as well as proactively develop strategies to address systemic issues.
Modernize access to information	Previously committed to	The Office will continue to work on the development of legislative and administrative initiatives about access to information and stands ready to assist Parliament in modernizing the access to information regime.
Serve as an exemplary model for the access to information process	New	The Office has the unique responsibility of processing access to information requests in addition to investigating complaints against federal institutions on their handling of requests.

² For program activity descriptions, please access the Main Estimates online at: <http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/est-pre/estime.asp>

³ All operational and management priorities contribute to the sole OIC strategic outcome.

Operational Priorities	Type	Description
		The Office aims to become a strong example of good management and transparent disclosure of information.

Management Priorities	Type	Description
Build organizational capacity	Previously committed to	The Office will continue to improve its ability to deliver services to Parliament, federal institutions and Canadians by focussing on strengthening investigative, support services, administrative and corporate capabilities. Emphasis will be put on recruitment, training and retention of resources.
Alignment of IM/IT with business needs and values	New	In order to effectively support the OIC's new business model and program delivery, the Office will continue to implement a multi-year in-depth IM/IT renewal strategy to modernize its systems in order to provide investigators with more effective tools to meet workload targets for investigations, to deliver on its ATIP responsibilities and to provide high levels of service expected from Canadians.
Planning and reporting	New	The Office will continue to streamline and integrate its planning and reporting instruments, including management planning, business planning and corporate planning and reporting. The linkage between strategic objectives, operational planning and performance management are not always well defined across the organization. Planning and reporting will be aligned with the Program Activity Architecture with an increased emphasis on performance management and measurement.

Risk Analysis

The introduction of the *Federal Accountability Act* (FedAA) continues to have a major impact on the access to information community including the Office. With the addition of 70 federal institutions now subject to the Act, there is a shortage of qualified resources across the government. Many investigators left the Office during the year for ATIP related positions in other federal institutions. As a result, the Complaint Resolution and Compliance Branch is currently operating at about 50% capacity despite ongoing recruiting efforts. Nonetheless, the Office is in the process of staffing these positions, drawing on various skill sets and experience. Large resource investments in recruitment, training and retention are expected.

In the last few years, the Office has reported a continuing and persistent backlog of cases. The situation did not improve despite considerable efforts to reduce the backlog. The total number of complaints received by the OIC reached 2,387 in 2007-08, representing a spike of over 80% in the number of complaints from the previous year.

On September 1, 2008, the inventory of cases consisted of over 2,800 cases with approximately 35% of cases older than 1 year and 67% of cases older than 6 months.

The Office has recognized that its current business model and processes are not sustainable. In keeping with its current strategy to streamline and improve investigative processes coupled with the commitment to significantly reduce or eliminate the historical backlog of cases by the end of 2009-2010, the Office has put in place a new case workload management model. The Office is committed to provide a high level of client service while ensuring compliance with the *Access to Information Act* and ensuring that Canadians' rights under the Act are respected.

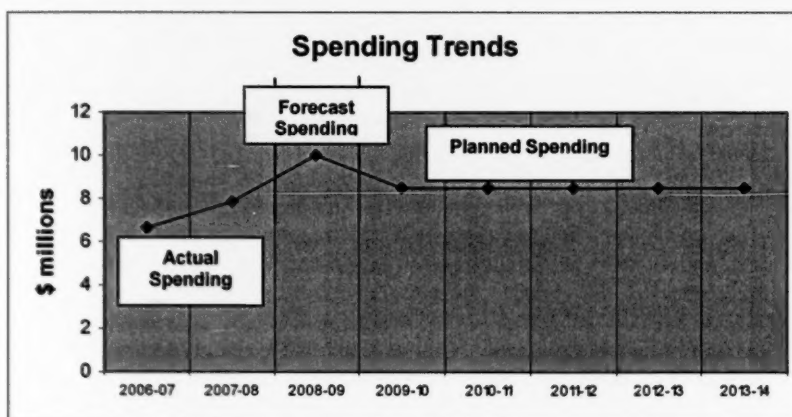
The Office made significant operational and management changes in the previous fiscal year. While progress has been made in a number of areas, there continues to be capacity shortfall in key functions including investigations, HR, communications, advocacy, and parliamentary relations. The Office undertook a review of operations and funding levels in 2008. Preliminary conclusions of the Review support the need for additional resources to enable the OIC to deliver on its mandate. To date, the resource level available is such that it is not possible to address all issues in the short term; therefore, issues will be addressed on a priority basis.

Expenditure Profile

For the 2009-10 fiscal year, the Office of the Information Commissioner plans to spend 8.505 millions to meet the expected results of its program activity and contribute to its strategic outcome.

In 2008-09, the Office of the Information Commissioner conducted an in-depth review of the funding, relevance and performance of all its activities and spending to ensure results and value for money for Canadians. The results of this strategic review will be submitted to the Advisory Panel on the Funding and Oversight of Officers of Parliament in 2009 for subsequent analysis. The results will be reflected in future reporting to Parliament.

The figure below illustrates the Office of the Information Commissioner's spending trends from 2006-07 to 2013-14.



For the 2006-07 to 2008-09 periods, total spending includes all parliamentary appropriation. It also includes carry forward adjustments. For the 2010-11 to 2013-14

periods, total spending corresponds to planned spending. Supplementary funding and carry forward adjustments are unknown at this point and therefore not reflected.

Since 2006-07, the Office's core spending increased due to new funding received to address the backlog inventory, to comply with the requirements of the FedAA and to establish an internal audit function as required by the Treasury Board Audit Policy. The funding for the backlog will sunset at the end of fiscal year 2008-09.

All financial and non-financial resources are dedicated to the OIC sole program activity.

Voted and Statutory Items

This table illustrates the way in which Parliament approved OIC resources, and shows the changes derived from supplementary estimates and other authorities, as well as how funds were spent.

Vote # or Statutory Item (S)	Truncated Vote or Statutory Wording	2008-09 Main Estimates (\$ thousands)	2009-2010 Main Estimates (\$ thousands)
40	Program expenditures	6,733	7,540
(S)	Contribution to employee benefit plans	932	965
	Total	7,665	8,505

Section II: Analysis of Program Activities by Strategic Outcome

2.1 Strategic Outcome

The following section describes the Office's sole program activity and identifies the expected results, performance indicators and targets for each of them. This section also explains how the Office plans on meeting the expected results and presents financial and non-financial resources that will be dedicated to the sole program activity.

2.1.1 Program Activity: Compliance with access to information obligations

Strategic Outcome – Individuals' rights under the *Access to Information Act* are safeguarded

Program Activity – Compliance with access to information obligations

Expected Results	Requestors benefit from a fair and effective complaints resolution process.	Stakeholders understand the role and perspective of OIC in ensuring compliance with the <i>Access to Information Act</i> .	Federal institutions meet their obligations under the <i>Access to Information Act</i> .	The Courts receive useful representations and relevant evidence about access issues, the proper interpretation of the provisions of the <i>Access to Information Act</i> , related statutes, regulations and jurisprudence.	Parliament receives clear, relevant information and timely, objective advice about the access to information implications of legislation, jurisprudence, regulations and policies.
	Reports of Findings to Complaints	Departmental reviews ("Report cards")	Communications activities and materials	Judicial activities	

Performance Indicators	Targets
Quality and timeliness of the investigation process (including investigation, legal review, approval and report of findings)	90% of investigations adhere to quality assurance standards at first round of review
Reach to, and feedback from, stakeholders (i.e., the public, requesters, ATIP Coordinators community, other) through: public events, speaking engagements, access to proper web-based and other tools and information	Stakeholders reached through having ready access to the Office's publications, tools and information namely via a Web site that is redesigned to be comprehensive, up-to-date and user-friendly; and stakeholders feedback generally positive

Performance Indicators	Targets
Proportion of investigation recommendations that are adopted and proportion of Report Card recommendations that are adopted	95% of complaints investigation recommendations are adopted and 80% of Report Card recommendations are adopted
Proportion of court cases where judgments support OIC representation (either to sustain or clarify interpretation of related statutes) and/or where OIC evidence was considered as part of court deliberations	90% of court judgments either support OIC representation and/or consider OIC evidence
Value of OIC information and advice provided to Parliamentarians and Parliamentary Committees	80% of information access-relevant Parliamentary Committee reports refer to OIC advice; positive feedback from Parliamentarians, Committee Chairs and members

Financial Resources (\$ thousands)		
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
6,230	6,230	6,230

Human Resources (Full-time Equivalents)		
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
59	59	59

Program Activity Summary: The *Access to Information Act* is the legislative authority for the oversight activities of the Information Commissioner of Canada, which are: to investigate complaints from individuals and corporations; to review the performance of federal institutions; to report results of investigations/reviews and recommendations to complainants, federal institutions, and Parliament; to pursue judicial enforcement and to provide advice to Parliament on access to information matters.

Planning Highlights: In order to achieve the expected results, the Office plans to undertake the following activities:

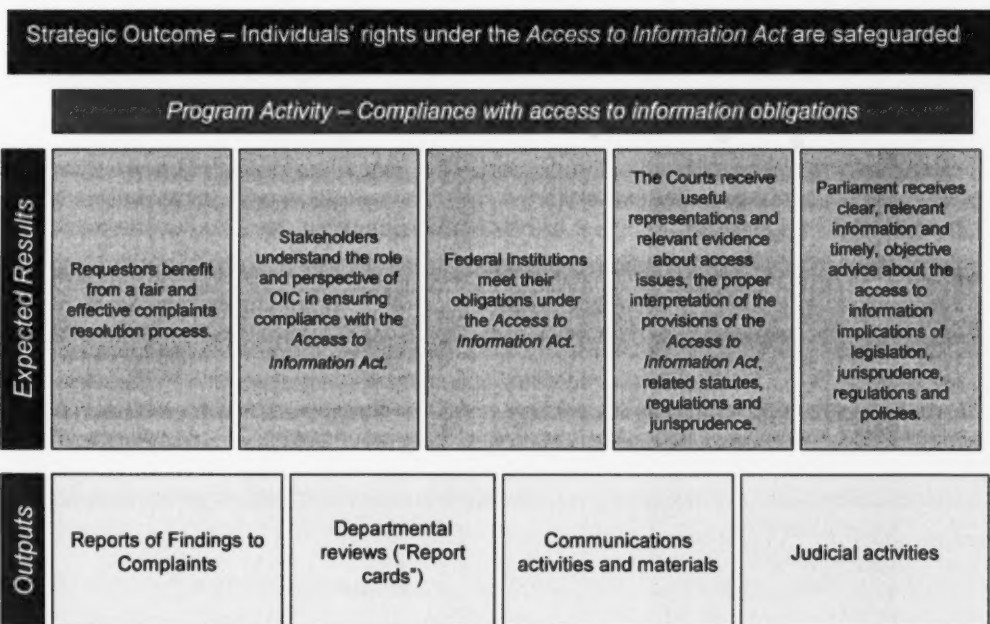
- Fully implementing a new case workload management model. The OIC has devised a backlog strategy to be fully implemented in 2009-10. In 2008-09 a comprehensive review of the complaints handling process will be completed. The Office has already determined that benefits can be attained from a dedicated intake function and an early resolution function. These two new functions are being implemented on a pilot basis in 2008-09.
- The OIC will be adopting a renewed approach to performance reviews of institutions, addressing broad systemic issues and disseminating best practices. The new reports cards will accurately reflect ongoing efforts by institutions to improve compliance and the process will be linked to the fiscal year performance management framework. The OIC will report on federal institutions' performance and systemic issues in a Special Report to Parliament.
- Fostering good relations with all the players in the access to information system—from requesters, to complainants, to access professionals, to institutions and to Parliament. The OIC will be promoting, through systemic

Section II: Analysis of Program Activities by Strategic Outcome

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2.1.1 Program Activity: Compliance with access to information obligations



Performance Indicators	Targets
Quality and timeliness of the investigation process (including investigation, legal review, approval and report of findings)	90% of investigations adhere to quality assurance standards at first round of review
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6,230	6,230	6,230

Human Resources (Full-time Equivalents)		
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
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- Fostering good relations with all the players in the access to information system—from requesters, to complainants, to access professionals, to institutions and to Parliament. The OIC will be promoting, through systemic

investigations and communication activities, for increased and sustainable government-wide compliance with the ATIA.

- Focus on recruitment, training and retention. The OIC faces significant HR challenges in delivering on its mandate. Attracting, recruiting, training a highly skilled investigator workforce is becoming a priority. The potential shortage of investigators may become a key obstacle to meeting targets over the next several years.

Benefits for Canadians: This program activity which represents the mandate of the Office helps to ensure that federal institutions comply with access to information obligations contained in the *Access to Information Act*. It encourages federal institutions to make information more easily available to the public and helps to keep the federal government accountable to Canadians. Overall, this program activity contributes to an open, transparent and accountable government.

2.1.2 Program Activity: Internal Services

Internal Services are groups of related activities and resources that are administered to support the needs of programs and other corporate obligations of an organization. These groups are: Management and Oversight Services; Communications Services; Human Resources Management Services; Financial Management Services; Information Management Services; Information Technology Services; Material Services; Acquisition Services; Travel and Other Administrative Services. Internal Services include only those activities and resources that apply across an organization and not those provided specifically to a program.

Financial Resources (\$ thousands)		
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
2,275	2,275	2,275

Human Resources (Full-time Equivalents)		
2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
23	23	23